Num. 4057

The Caledonian Mercury.

Edinburgh, Monday, October 13, 1746.

From the London Gazette, Oct. 7.

Florence, Sept. 20.

IN Conſequence of the late Submiſſion of the Genoeſe to the Empreſs Queen, the Auſtrian Troops are actually in Poſſeſſion of the principal Fortreſſes of the Republick. On the 9th inſtant, circular Orders from the Government were ſent to their Governors and Commiſſaries, to countermand all their Troops poſted upon the Borders of the State, and to diſarm their Militia. The Republick has diſburſed, it is ſaid, three Millions of Crowns on account of the Contribution demanded, and is to maintain, at the Rate of Six Pence per Day, each of the Auſtrian Soldiers during their Stay in that State, and to pay the Officers in proportion according to their Rank. Orders have alſo been given to receive and treat the Auſtrians as Friends, as likewiſe the Engliſh, ſhould they preſent themſelves upon their Coaſts; and on the 10th Meſſ. Cattaneo, Gavotti, Lomellini, and Franzoni, four Genoeſe principal Noblemen, ſet out for the Court of Vienna as Deputies from the Senate, to implore the Clemency and Mercy of the Empreſs Queen. On the 7th Prince Lichtenſtein ſet out for the Court of Vienna, to repreſent by Word of Mouth, to the Empreſs, the Situation of Affairs in Italy, and to receive the neceſſary Inſtructions thereupon. Marſhal Bo ta continues his Head Quarters at St. Pierre d'Arena. The King of Sardinia was on the 14th at Spotorno: He has employed his Troops, together with his Gallies, aſſiſted by his Britannick Majeſty's Squadron commanded by Commodore Townſhend, to harraſs the Enemy on their March along the Sea Coaſt of Villa Franca and Nice, and has obliged them to retire towards the Mountains, where, it is ſaid, they have halted in expectation of a Succour. Two Battalions of Sardinian Troops had blocked up the Caſtles of Finale and Savona; and 10 Battalions out of the Auſtrian Army, under the Command of M. Gorani, were in full March to join as many of the King of Sardinia, in order to march in purſuit of the Enemies. On the 13th the King of Sardinia was moſt magnificently entertained on board Commodore Townſhend in the Bay of Vado.

The Court of Naples for ſome Time has laid an Embargo on all Veſſels in the Ports of that State, with a Deſign to ſend them to the Coaſts of Genoa to take the Neapolitan Troops on board, in order to carry them back to Naples; but by the Accounts we have had, the French have obliged the Neapolitan Troops to march with them, and they are thought by this Time to be got into Provence.

Carlton Houſe, Oct. 5. This Day Prince Scherbatow, Plenipotentiary Miniſter from the Czarina, being recalled, had a private Audience of Leave of his Royal Highneſs the Prince of Wales.

As had afterwards Count Czernichew, his firſt private Audience of his Royal Highneſs the Prince of Wales, as Plenipotentiary Miniſter from the Czarina.

They had both afterwards private Audiences of her Royal Highneſs the Princeſs of Wales.

To all which they were introduced by Sir Clement Cottrell Dormer, Kt. Maſter of the Ceremonies.

Whitehall, Oct. 7. The King has been pleaſed to conſtitute and appoint Thomas Revell, Thomas Brereton, William Hay, Richard Hall, William Davies, and James Wallace, Eſqrs. together with John Ruſſel, Eſq; in the room of Stephen Biſſe, Eſq; deceaſed, to be Commiſſioners for victualling his Majeſty's Navy.

The King has been pleaſed to grant unto Sir Francis Charlton, Bart. the Office of Receiver General of the Poſt Office.

From Wye's Letter, London, Oct. 7.

They tell us from Venice, that they have certain Intelligence there of the Auſtrians having directed Magazines to be formed in the Eccleſiaſtical State, which ſeems to leave no ſort of Doubt of their being determined to proſecute their intended Expedition againſt the Kingdom of Naples.

The Eaton Frigate, arrived from Leghorn, ſpoke with Admiral Medley on the 12th of September, who was then cruizing off Cadiz.

By the Arrival of the Dutch Ships there is Advice, that ſeveral Ships have been lately taken on the Coaſt of Holland by Privateers from Dunkirk, and that ſeveral others run aſhore to prevent their falling into their Hands.

From the General Evening Poſt, Oct. 7.

LONDON, *Oct. 7.*

By Letters from Milan 'tis ſaid, the Van of that Body of Auſtrians and Piedmonteze which was driving the French out of Italy, is arrived on the Banks of the Varr, where, inſtead of making a Stand, the Enemy loſt many Men in their precipitate Paſſage; ſo that we may expect to hear of their levying Contributions in the Provinces of France, before the Prince of Conti can aſſemble a Number of Men able to oppoſe them.

The Queen Dowager of Spain had near ſix Millions in St. George's Bank at Genoa, which has been ſeized by the victorious Troops in that Country.

They write from Paris, that the King of Sardinia has abſolutely refuſed to ſend a Miniſter to Breda; but that notwithſtanding, conſiderable Wagers and great Odds were laid that a general Peace will be proclaimed before the Spring.

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By Letters from Plymouth of the 3d inſtant, we have Advice, that all the Troops at that Place, who were intended to join Admiral Leſtock, were embarked; and as the Wind was then at N. W. it was expected would ſail as that Day. They had no certain Advice of the Admiral ſince his Departure from that Port, but it was generally believed he was either in at Bell Iſle, or had made a Deſcent on the French Coaſt near Port Louis.

From the London Evening Poſt, Oct. 7.

Genoa, Sept. 21 The Imperial Conſul has been recalled hither by the Marqueſs de Botta; but the Engliſh Miniſter, who was invited back from Leghorn, has declined returning before he receives Inſtructions ſo to do from his Court.

Paris, Oct. 1. A few Days ſince it was debated in a great Council of State, whether Marſhal Maillebois ſhould be recalled, on Account of the many Complaints made againſt his Conduct during the laſt Campaign; but it was carried to continue him in his Command, and Letters were written to him in the King's Name, promiſing Gratitude to the Officers and Soldiers in his Army on Account of the Hardſhips they had ſuffered.

Hague, Oct. 7. We hear that the Governor of Charleroy, and the Commandant at Namur, will ſpeedily publiſh an Account of the Defence of thoſe Places, in order to remove thoſe Suſpicions, which the ſudden Surrender of Places of ſuch Conſequence, has created in the Minds of the People in Holland, and elſewhere.

LONDON, *Oct.* 7.

Port Louis, formerly called *Blavet*, is ſituated on the Southern Coaſt of *Bretagne* in Lat. 47 Deg. 43 Min. upon the Mouth of the River *Blavet*. *Port-l'Orient*, the Seat of the *French India* Trade, is but at a ſmall Diſtance from it. *Lewis* XIII, rebuilt the former of theſe Places, and fortified it with a good *Citadel*, ſince which it has borne its preſent Name.

Antibes, the firſt ſtrong Town in *Provence* from the County of *Nice*, is a Sea-Port, fortified with a good *Citadel*; which is very conſiderable for its Height and difficult Acceſs. The Entrance to the *Port* is from the Eaſt, between the Citadel and a long Mole, that projects from the Town, which is ſituated in a fine Country, ſurrounded with good *Walls*, and *Baſtions* towards the Land; Lat. 43 Deg. 33 Min. This Place will, probably, be the firſt attempted by the King of *Sardinia*, unleſs he chuſes rather to march through the *open Country*.

St. James Palace is fitting up for the Reception of his Majeſty, who intends to be there on his Birth-Day.

Laſt Friday, as we hear, a Sloop of War, ſuppoſed to be diſpatched from Admiral Leſtock's Fleet, arrived in Plymouth Sound, and ſoon after forwarded an Expreſs to London, which arrived in Town on Sunday Evening; but what News this Expreſs may have brought, was not known when the laſt Letters came away, the ſaid Sloop of War lying in the Sound, and not ſuffering any Boats to come within Gun-ſhot of her.

On Sunday laſt arrived at Spithead from Gibraltar, the three following Men of War, viz. the Cambridge, Capt. Laſhley; the Rocheſter, Capt. Barker; and the Berwick, Capt. Scot; with the Princeſs Royal Storeſhip, Capt. Hill; the Speedwell, Bed; and the Moggy Lawder, Scot, both Merchantmen.

The Montſerrat, Marchant, from Montſerrat, is arrived at Briſtol, after a Paſſage of eight Weeks, three of which ſhe was becalmed: She brings Advice, that there were great Symptoms of a Hurricane in that Iſland after ſhe left it; and that the Men of War, with the Merchant Ships under Convoy for England, were to ſail a Fortnight after him, ſo that their Arrival is daily expected.

Letters from York ſay, That his Grace the Archbiſhop having been informed that there were ſeveral Roman Catholick Schools in and near that City, he had cauſed thoſe concerned in them to depart from thence.

Bank Stock 135. India Stock no Price. South Sea Stock 105 1 qr.

From the St. James's Evening Poſt, Oct. 7.

Extract of a Letter from a foreign Miniſter at the Hague, dated October 7.

What one may venture now to ſay upon the Subject of publick Affairs, is, that nothing but the Reſolution of his Britannick Majeſty, contained in a Letter from a Miniſter of State to the Earl of Sandwich, the Contents whereof his Excellency communicated to the States General, occaſioned the Revival of the Aſſembly at Breda. One may boldly aſſert, that had it not been for the Steadineſs of the Britiſh Court on this Occaſion, there would have been at this Time no more Talk of Peace, the Republick having before put all the Means it was capable of in Practice, without Effect; and beſides that Letter, the Earl added by Word of Mouth, to the Members of the Government, amongſt other remarkable Things, that the King his Maſter was not at all ſurpriſed at the Artifices of France, in order to bring the States General into the pernicious Schemes of that Court; but could not at the ſame Time help wondering, that any Power whatſoever, but eſpecially the States General, ſhould in the leaſt rely upon the Promiſes of that faithleſs Court. That his Britannick Majeſty hoped, that what had ſo lately happened, would be ſufficient to open the Eyes of thoſe who had appeared blind in its Favour, and who, in ſpite of every thing that had come to paſs, ſtill thought that one might truſt to French Promiſes, and reſt upon the Fidelity of that Court.

This Diſcourſe had ſuch an Effect, that without any Delay the States General directly acquainted the Court of France with the Sentiments of his Brittannick Majeſty, and the Declaration which the Earl of Sandwich had juſt made. They alſo repreſented, that the Pains which had been hitherto taken would be all thrown away, if his Moſt Chriſtian Majeſty longer deferred to order the Marquis de Puyſieux to repair to Breda; that it was high Time to prevent the Conſequences of the War, which was every Day growing more bloody than another: And that ſince the Courts of Great Britain and Vienna would only declare themſelves in an Aſſembly of Miniſters, it would be but equitable and juſt to agree to one, and that the mutual Intereſt of each Party demanded that the Conferences ſhould be open'd, in order to know the

Propoſitions of theſe two Crowns, and to judge whether they are of an acceptable Nature: That the Court of France might be aſſured, that the Republick would not engage it to take any Step derogatory to its Dignity; and that Things would be found very different when the Miniſters were aſſembled, to what they appeared before, as there would nothing but Realities be offered, upon which the Work of Peace might, it was hoped, be eſtabliſhed.

Plymouth, Sept. 30. This Morning the Fly Privateer of Briſtol ſent in a French Banker; ſhe ſaw Mr. Leſtock the 18th Inſtant ſeven Leagues North of Belle-Iſle, ſteering directly thither, and on the 20th heard Guns Day and Night. About 3000 Forces will go in a Day or two from hence to his Aſſiſtance.

Briſtol, Oct. 4. On Monday laſt Edward Cooper, Eſq; was ſworn Mayor of this City of the Year enſuing.

Private Letter this Morning, ——Placentia Sept. 19. It is almoſt confidently reported here, that the Ducheſs Dowager Dorothy has received Advice from the Queen Dowager of Spain (her Daughter) that the new King of Spain will not acknowledge the King of the Sicilies but as Viceroy; and that his Catholick Majeſty will refuſe to admit the Ambaſſador from Naples on the Part of the Sicilian King.

Verſailles, Oct. 3. We hear that in Caſe a General Peace is not brought about this Winter, 60,000 Troops will be ſent next Spring into Italy, of which 40,000 are to be furniſhed by Spain.

LONDON, *Oct.* 7.

We hear that the Objection raiſed by the French Miniſter at Breda was only about a trifling Punctilio; and that as ſoon as ever that Affair is ſettled, which it is believed will be in a few Days, the Conferences will certainly go on.

We hear that the Right Hon. the Lords of the Treaſury have intruſted Mr. Samuel Smith, of Cateaton-ſtreet, with the Care of Tranſporting ſuch of the Rebels, whoſe Lives his Majeſty, in his Mercy, may pleaſe to ſpare.

Admiral Perry Maine ſails ſoon to Jamaica with a Squadron to relieve Admiral Davers, who is to return home.

And Commodore Legge goes on board the ſaid Squadron for the Leeward-Iſlands, to relieve Commodore Lee, who is coming home from that Station.

Sunday Morning his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Cumberland went to St. Martin's Church, and received the Sacrament, to qualify himſelf for his new Poſt of Colonel of a Regiment of Dragoons, now raiſing.

The Springs in the Country are ſo low, and the Rivers ſo ſhallow, that it occaſioned the Reading Barges to be near three Weeks coming to Market.

We have Advice from the North American Colonies, that the French, at their ſeveral Settlements, have uſed all their Arts to withdraw the Affections of the Indians from the Engliſh, and alſo to perſuade the Cheroquee and Creek Indians to revolt from us; but their Endeavours have proved of little Effect, ſince the Governors of the Britiſh Iſlands have ſettled all Differences with ſeveral Indian Nations.

They write from the Hague, that eleven Battalions of Dutch Troops will ſpeedily join the Army of the Allies, together with the Bavarians; and that in caſe the Conferences are broke off at Breda, the States will immediately recal M. Van Hoey from Paris, and declare War againſt France.

EDINBURGH, *October* 9.

A Liſt of the Perſons convicted, acquitted, and who have pled guilty, from the 29th of Sept. to the 7th inſt. at York.

Pled Guilty.

David Row,	John Walker,
Benjamin Maſon,	Matthew Matthews,
James Maclauchlan,	John Scott,
John Maclauchlan,	Robert Stewart,
John Beaton,	Gilbert Barclay,
James Crichton,	Archibald Paton,
John Flint,	William Grant,
Alexander Goodbrand,	John Barnaghy,
John Porteous,	James Main,
John Macqueen,	William Dempſy,
Sir David Murray,	George Milns,
Alexander Steil,	George Boyd,
John Cruikſhanks,	Alexander Maclean,
James Thomſon,	John Maclean,
Archibald Kennedy,	Peter Hay,
Charles Gordon,	John Duncan,
Alexander Parker,	Peter Macdonald,
David Webſter,	Angus Macdonald,
William Smith,	Alexander Nichols,
James Webſter,	John Endſworth,
William Hunter,	Simon Mackenzie,
John Macgregor,	William Barclay,
Peter Campbell,	James Wiſhart,
John Geddes,	William Stephens,
	John Bartlet.

Found guilty on Trial.

William Conolly,	James Sparks,
Charles Robertſon,	Michael Brady,
Thomas Macgennis,	George Hamilton,
William Crosby,	John James Jellins.
James Macaulay,	

Found guilty but recommended.

David Ogilvy,	James Reid.

Acquitted on Trial.

John Long,	Charles Webſter,
John Ballantine,	Nicholas Ker.

By Letters from Inverneſs there is Advice, that about 8 Days ago the Priſoners broke the Jail of that Town; that 4 or 5 Highland Gentlemen have made their Eſcape, and that the reſt were prevented by a French Officer, one of their Fellow Priſoners, who alarmed the Guard. ——A Ship is expected very ſoon to tranſport the Maſter of Lovat and others from thence to London.

Saturday laſt, being the Anniverſary of his Majeſty's Coronation, was ſolemnly obſerved in this City. In the Morning the Flag from the Caſtle was diſplayed; at Noon there were three ſeveral Rounds of the Great Guns, at proper Diſtances of Time, and returned by Colonel Lee's Regiment drawn up in the Abbey Court, and by the Man of War in Leith Road, whoſe diſplayed Streamers made a very beautiful Appearance. In the Afternoon the Muſick-bells were ſet a ringing; and the Evening concluded with Bonfires and other Teſtimonies of Loyalty.

Leith, Oct. 7. Arrived the Providence of and from Montroſe, Thomſon, with Bale Goods, Snuff and Dales; the Altar of Holyiſland, Lucklie, from Warren with Wheat; the Batchelor of Kinghorn, Hunter, with Bread, Beer and other Stores for the Fleet, from Inverneſs; the Margaret of and from Fraſersburgh, Cheves, with Kelp, Cod and Ling Fiſh; and the Helen of Leith, Ogilvie, from Campvere and Norway with Wines, &c.

Yeſterday came in to this Road the Serpent Bomb Ketch, and the Mary of Leith, alſo three Daniſh Veſſels from Norway with Wood, one from Copenhagen in Ballaſt for Oiſters, and another from North-Copen with Plank and Iron.

☽ This Day, the 10th Day of the Moon, it is high Water at Leith, Forenoon, at 9 o'clock, 54 M. Afternoon, at 10, 18 M. Tueſday, Forenoon, at 10, 42 M. Afternoon, at 11, 6 M. Wedneſday, Forenoon, at 11, 30 M. Afternoon, at 11, 54 M.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

¶¶¶ That any Perſon who can furniſh BROKEN GLASS, WOOD, SOAP, FEARN, WHIN or HEATHER ASHES, will meet with due Encouragement from *JAMES MILN* at Leith, or the Glaſs houſe in North-Leith, where, in a little Time, GLASS BOTTLES of all Sorts will be manufactured and ſold at reaſonable Rates.

¶¶¶ Mr. *KENNETH MACKENZIE*, Profeſſor of CIVIL Law in the Univerſity of Edinburgh, begins his Colleges on the *Inſtitutions* and *Pandects* on Monday the 3d of November next, at his Houſe in the New Aſſembly Cloſe.

Loſt on Thurſday Night in or near the Corn-market,

A Woven GREEN SILK-PURSE; in the one End ſome Money, and in the other a plain Gold-Ring. The Maker's Name J. B. with a Poſy, *A vertuous Wife preſerveth Life.* Whoever hath found the ſame, and will return it to James Muirhead at his Coffee-houſe, Edinburgh, ſhall have a Guinea Reward, and no Queſtions asked.

If the Ring ſhould be offered to Sale to any Perſon, it is hoped the ſame will be detained until Mr. Muirhead be acquainted.

To be SOLD,

The SECOND STORY of the new Stone Tenement of Land at the Foot of Carrubber's Cloſe, conſiſting of ſeven Fire-rooms, all well finiſhed, Cloſets, Cupboards and Preſſes, and a Kitchen, the Floor whereof is laid with Flag Stone, with a Garret-room and Cellars, and ſeveral other Conveniencies lately made thereupon. Any Perſon who inclines to make the Purchaſe, may call for James Graham Writer to the Signet at his Houſe in Biſhop's Land, who will ſhow the Progreſs, and commune with them thereanent. The Entry may be at Martinmas or Whitſunday next.

To be preſently SETT jointly or ſeparately for a Term of Years,

TWO FARMS belonging to his Grace the Duke of Buccleuch, lying at Eaſt-park (alias Smeton) in the Pariſh of Muſſelburgh.

The arable Land to be entred to at Martinmas next, the Graſs and Dwelling houſes at Whitſunday 1747.

By ADJOURNMENT.

To be expoſed to Sale by way of voluntary Roup, either in Whole or Parcels as Purchaſers ſhall offer, upon Monday the 10th of November next, betwixt the Hours of 3 and 4 in the Afternoon, within the Laigh Coffee-houſe in Edinburgh,

The LANDS and BARONY of *SAUCHIE*, with the Lands of *Little-Sauchie*, and Teinds thereof, lying within the Pariſh of St. Ninian's and Shire of Stirling, and within two Miles of the Town of Stirling, holding partly Feu and Blanch, and partly Taxtward of the Crown, paying of yearly free-Rent 8 Bolls of Meal, 12 Bolls of Bear, 3 Bolls 2 Firlots of Oats, 8 Bolls 2 Firlots of Malt, 4039 l. 2 s. 9 d. Scots of Money, 7 Veals, 11 Wedders, 16 Stones of Butter, 129 Capons, 227 Hens, 6 Poultry, 199 Loads of Peats, 308 Loads of Coals, 36 long Carriages, 33 ſhort ones, and 162 Days Dargs; and this beſides the Parks, which have always been in the Heritor's own Poſſeſſion, conſiſting of about 160 Acres of Ground, valued at 2000 Merks yearly all which are incloſed with a ſufficient Stone and Lime-dyke, and ſubdivided with Hedge-rows and Ditches. There is a double Pigeon-houſe, with a very convenient lodgeable Houſe on the foreſaid Lands, and all Kinds of proper Office-houſes in good Repair, with a Garden of 4 Acres of Ground, ſurrounded with a Stone and Lime-wall 12 Feet high, beſides a vaſt deal of old Planting about the Houſe and Parks; and the Lands are very improveable, having great Quantities of Moſs and Muir belonging thereto, with an inexhauſtible Lime Quarry, which is the only workable one in that Country, and might, with a very ſmall Expence, yield a conſiderable yearly Profit, the Tenants paying the Third, and the Feuars the Fourth of all Lime that they ſell to the Heritor, free of any Charges, which, *communibus annis*, amounts to 500 Merks yearly. The Progreſs of Writs, with the Rental of the Lands and Conditions of Roup, are to be ſeen in the Hands of Alexander Stevenſon of Montgreenan, Writer to the Signet, and George Nicolſon Writer in Edinburgh; and a Copy of the Rental and Conditions in the Hands of Robert Leckie Writer in Stirling.

N. B. There is a large Wood on the foreſaid Lands, conſiſting of Oak, Aſh, Elm, &c. and the Tenants pay the Ceſs and other publick Burdens, and, at the Expiry of each 19 Years, conſiderable Graſſums by way of Entry. If any Perſon inclines to make a Bargain before the Day of the Roup, they will be treated with by any of the above Perſons.

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